

APE group

► Giorgio Rossi

► Staff (*IOM-CNR, TASC*):

- Jun Fujii
- Damjan Krizmancic
- Giancarlo Panaccione
- Piero Torelli
- Ivana Vobornik



► Postdoctoral fellows:

- Emilia Annese
- Manju Unnikrishnan

► Former members

- Bo Zhou (now @ Fudan University, Shanghai, China)
- Michael Hochstrasser (now @ EU Patent Office, Amsterdam, NL)
- Luca Giovanelli (now @ Uni. Marseillle, F)
- Cinzia Cepk (now @ TASC, I)
- Mikhail Galaktionov (now @ Ioffe Inst., St. Petersburg, RU)
- Jörg Kröger (now @ Uni. Kiel, D)

► PhD students (2003-2009)

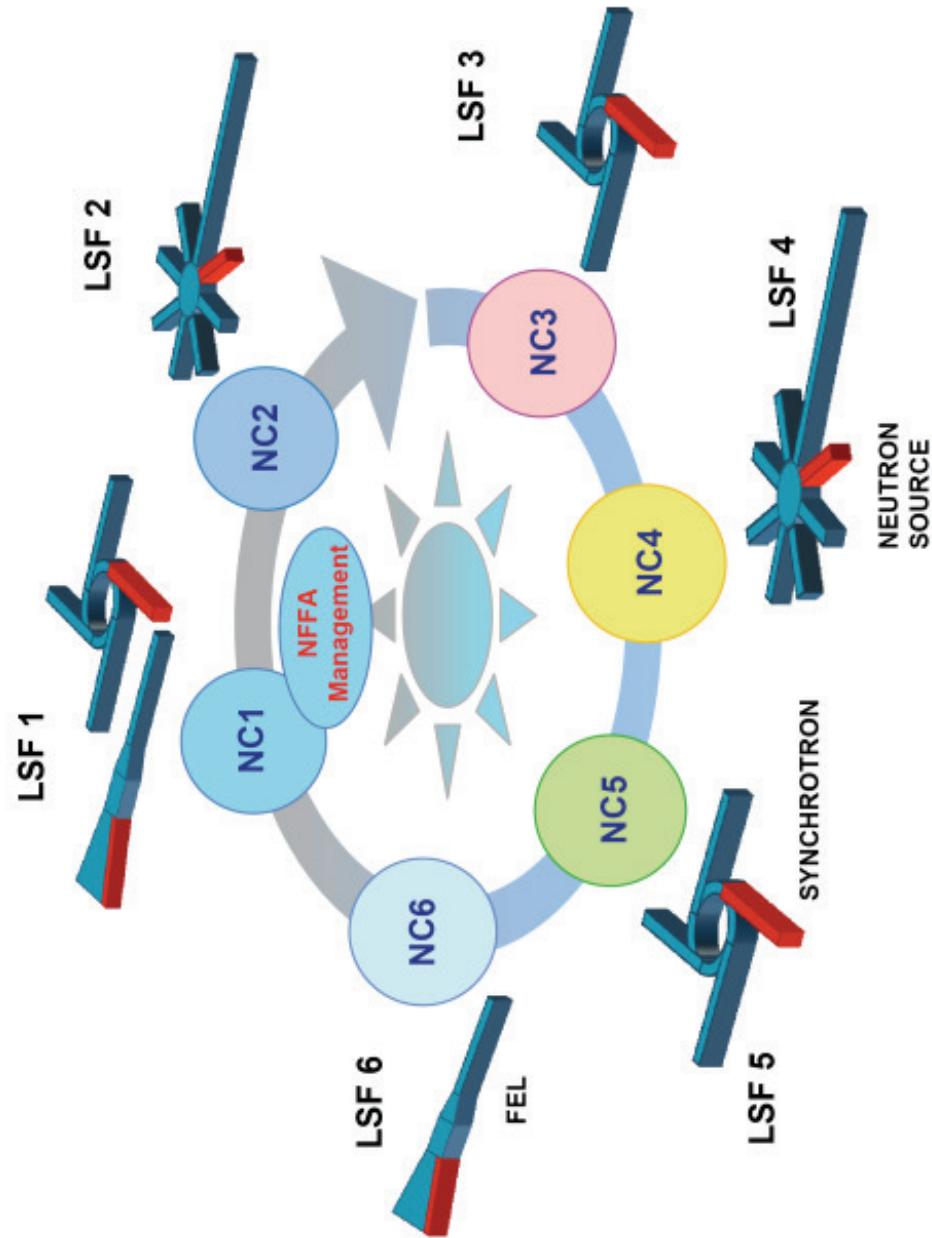
- Carlos Viol (now @ Max-Planck-Institut für Mikrostrukturphysik, Halle, D)
- Francesco Maccherozzi (now @ Diamond, UK)
- Mattia Mulazzi (now @ Uni. Würzburg, D)
- Mauro Fabrizioli (now @ Elettra, I)

► Laurea Thesis Students:

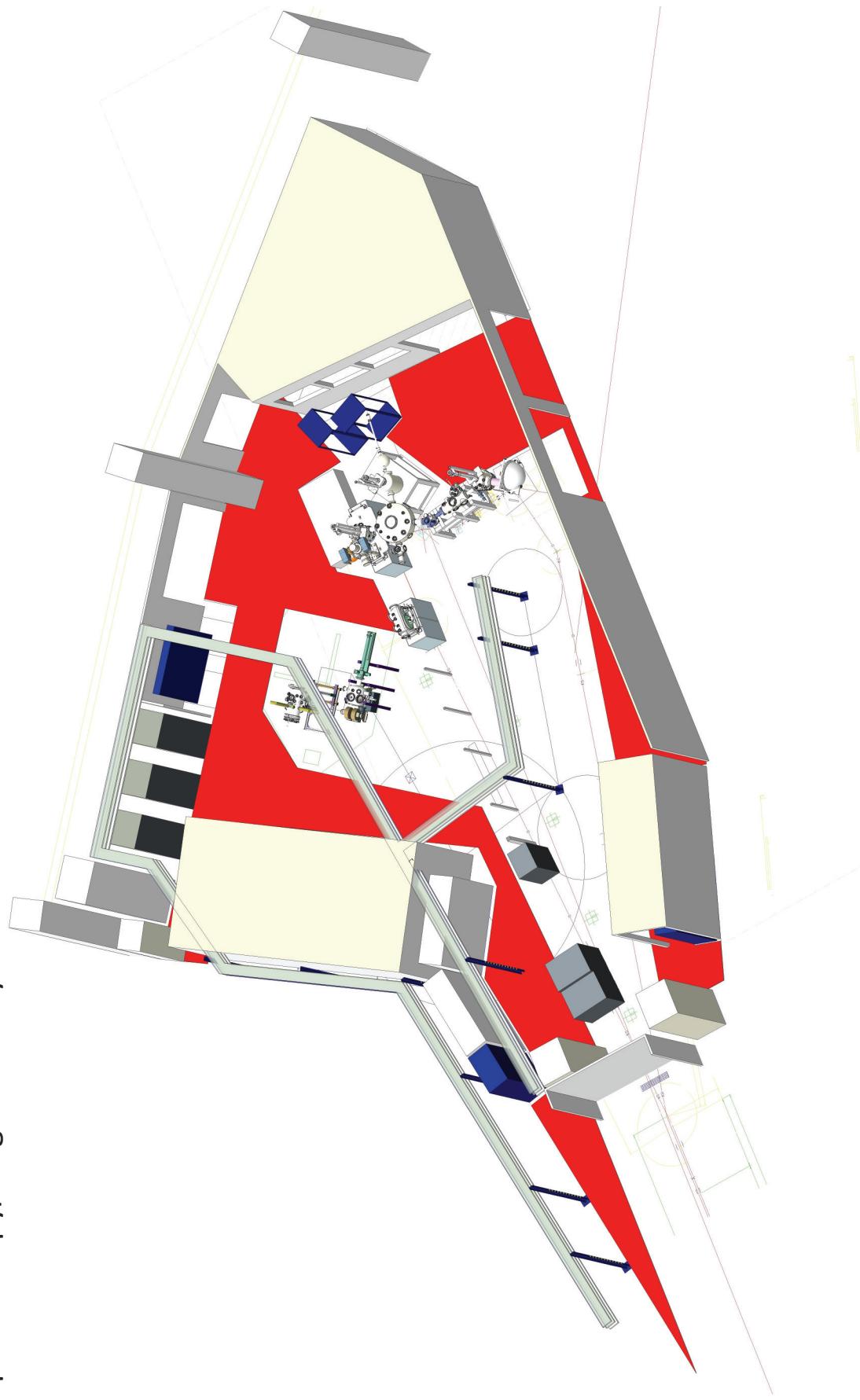
- 3-5 /year, mainly from Univ. Modena e Reggio Emilia
- And Uni Milano (since 2013)

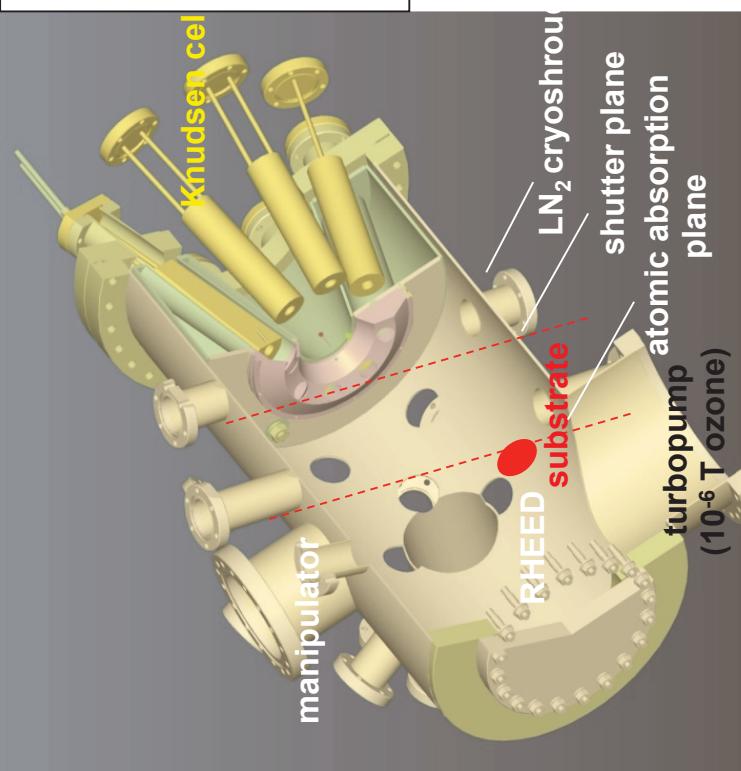
THE NFFA MISSION (www.NFFA.eu)

A DISTRIBUTED INFRASTRUCTURE LINKED TO ANALYTICAL LSFs
The NFFA Design Study supports the construction and operation of an ERIC
consisting of Nanoscale Science Research Centers at European sites that
already host Large Scale Facilities for Fine Analysis of matter.



NFFA DP1 – IOM : New layout of APE beamline with integration of MBE-Oxides and new synthesis and characterization chamber: thin films, *in situ/in operando* characterization and spectroscopy/magnetometry





Oxide molecular beam epitaxy (MBE)

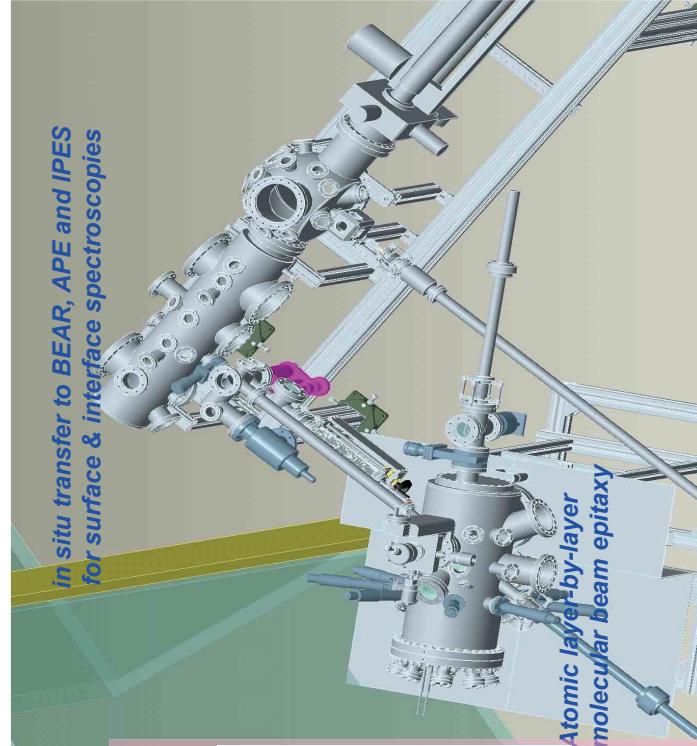
- Enabling technology, like semiconductor MBE in the 1970s, for realization of thin film heterostructures (quantum wells, modulation doping, etc.)

* atomic precision and purity superior to competing growth techniques *

- Oxide MBE at TASC designed completely in-house with support of **TASC instrument development group**

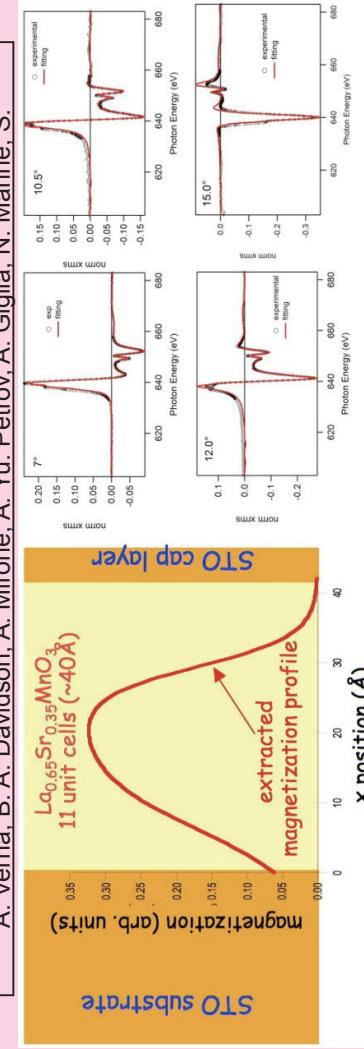
- one of only 4 such systems in the world
- study device mechanisms in **newly emerging field of oxide electronics**
- exploits **large scale facilities for applied research** via dedicated instrumentation physically connected to synchrotron beamlines

FROM IN SITU TO IN OPERANDO



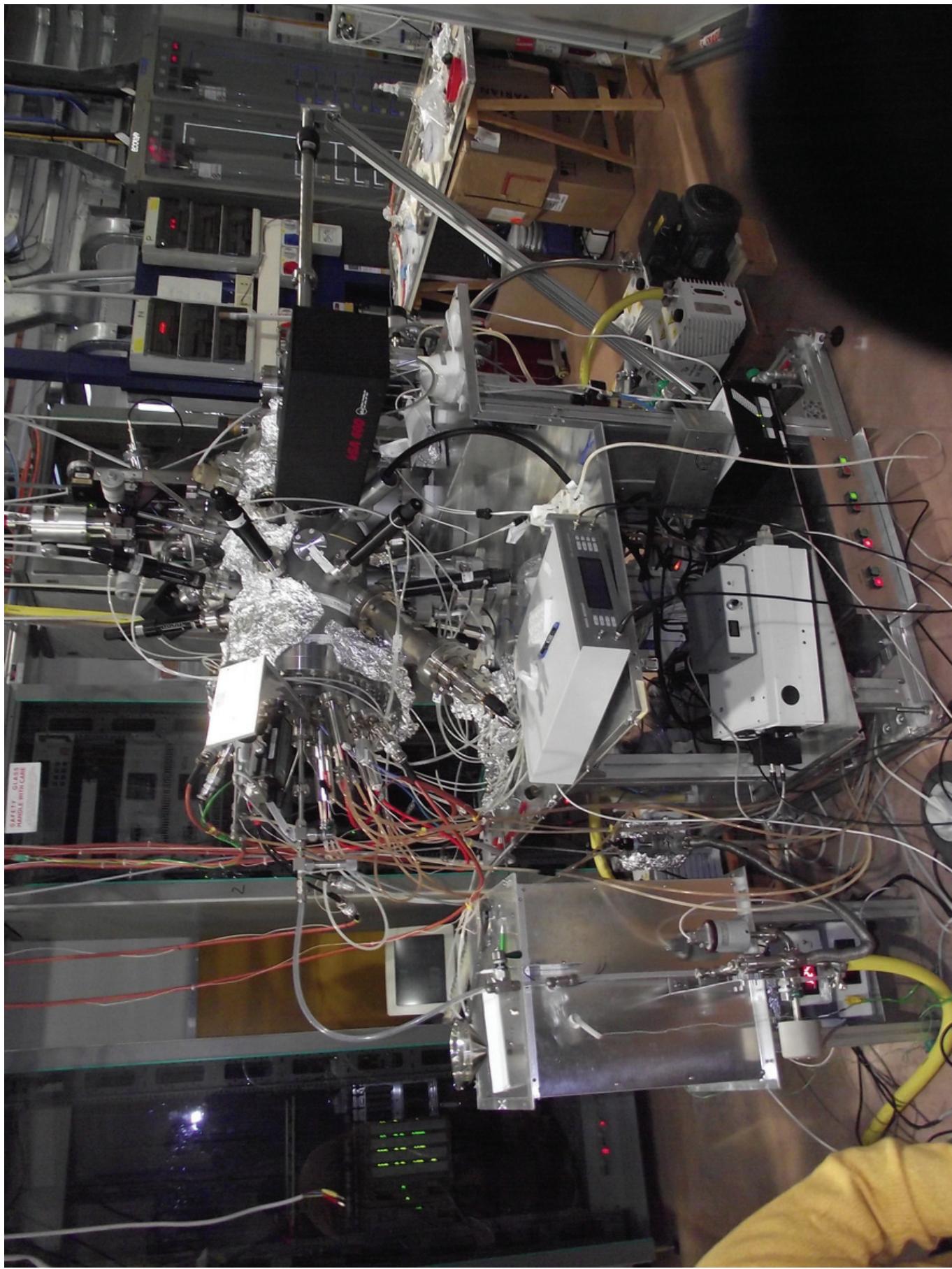
Determining magnetization profiles at surfaces and interfaces using interference effects in resonant magnetic scattering

A. Verna, B. A. Davidson, A. Mirone, A. Yu. Petrov, A. Giglia, N. Mahne, S.



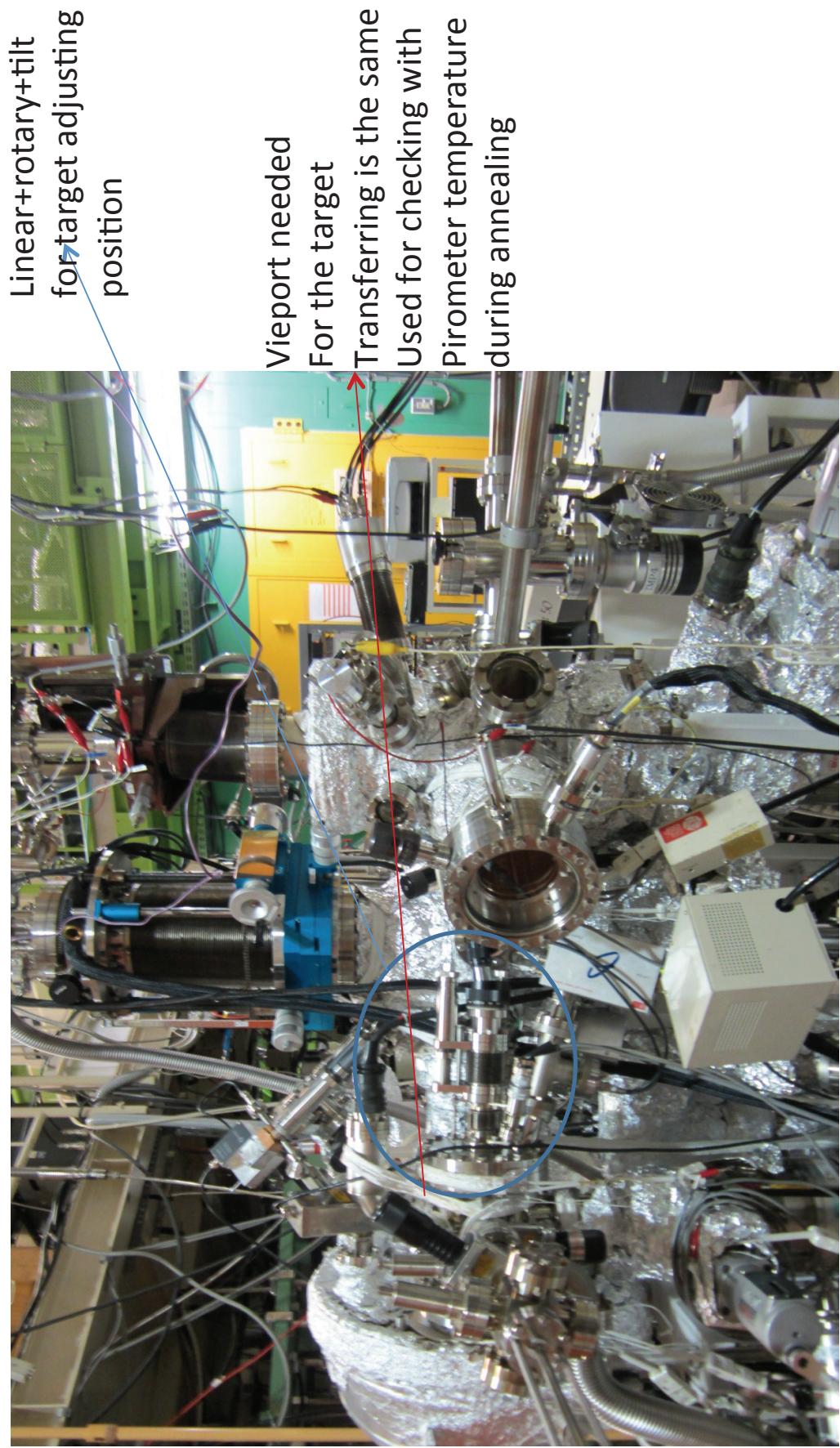
Left: extracted magnetization profile that generates fits shown on right. Note presence of 2 "dead layers", one at each interface.

Right: fits (red lines) to XRMS spectra (open circles) from 11uc LSMO film, taken at different incidence angles and 200K. Film

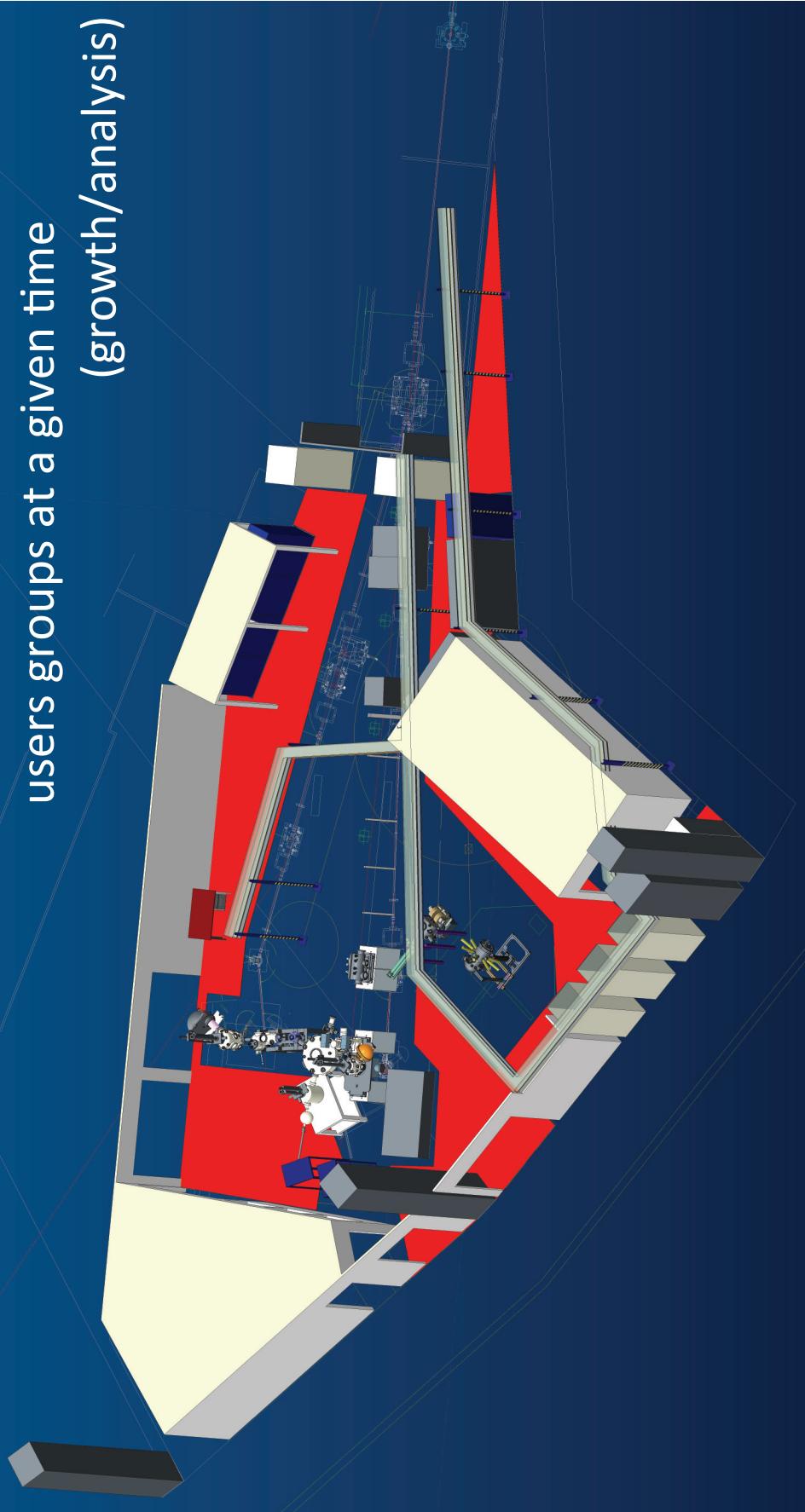


- UPGRADE:
 - New analyser broad (45°) acceptance,
1meV energy resolution, 0.1° angular
resolution
 - VLEED vectorial detector for High. Res. SP
 - High flux XMCD

VLEED



NFFA-DP1 layout : two control rooms
with sample preparation facilities, two
UHV clusters, two beamlines, THREE
users groups at a given time
(growth/analysis)

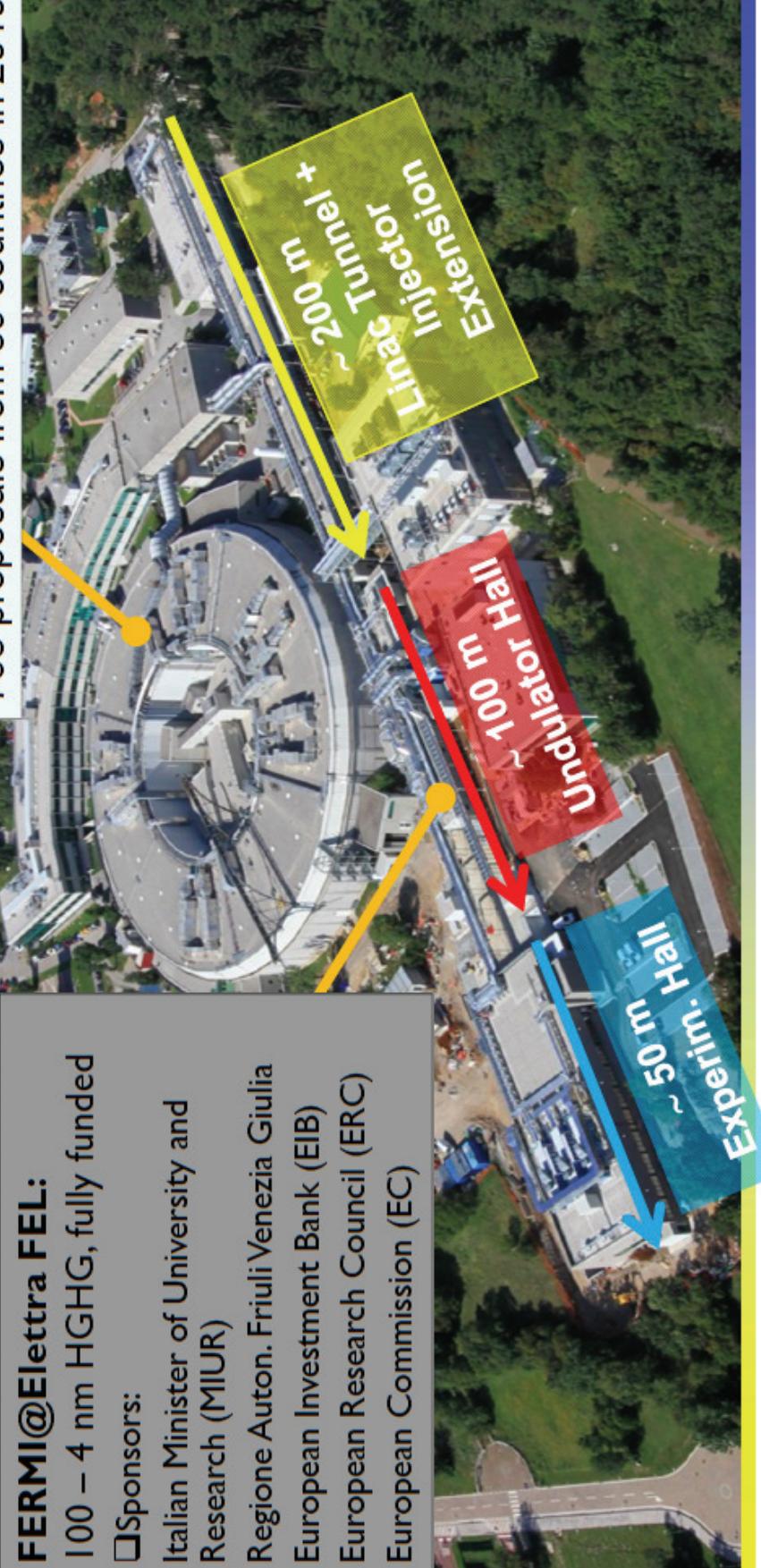


FERMI at the ELETTRA LABORATORY

SINCROTRONE TRIESTE is a nonprofit shareholder company of national interest, established in 1987 to construct and manage synchrotron light sources as international facilities.

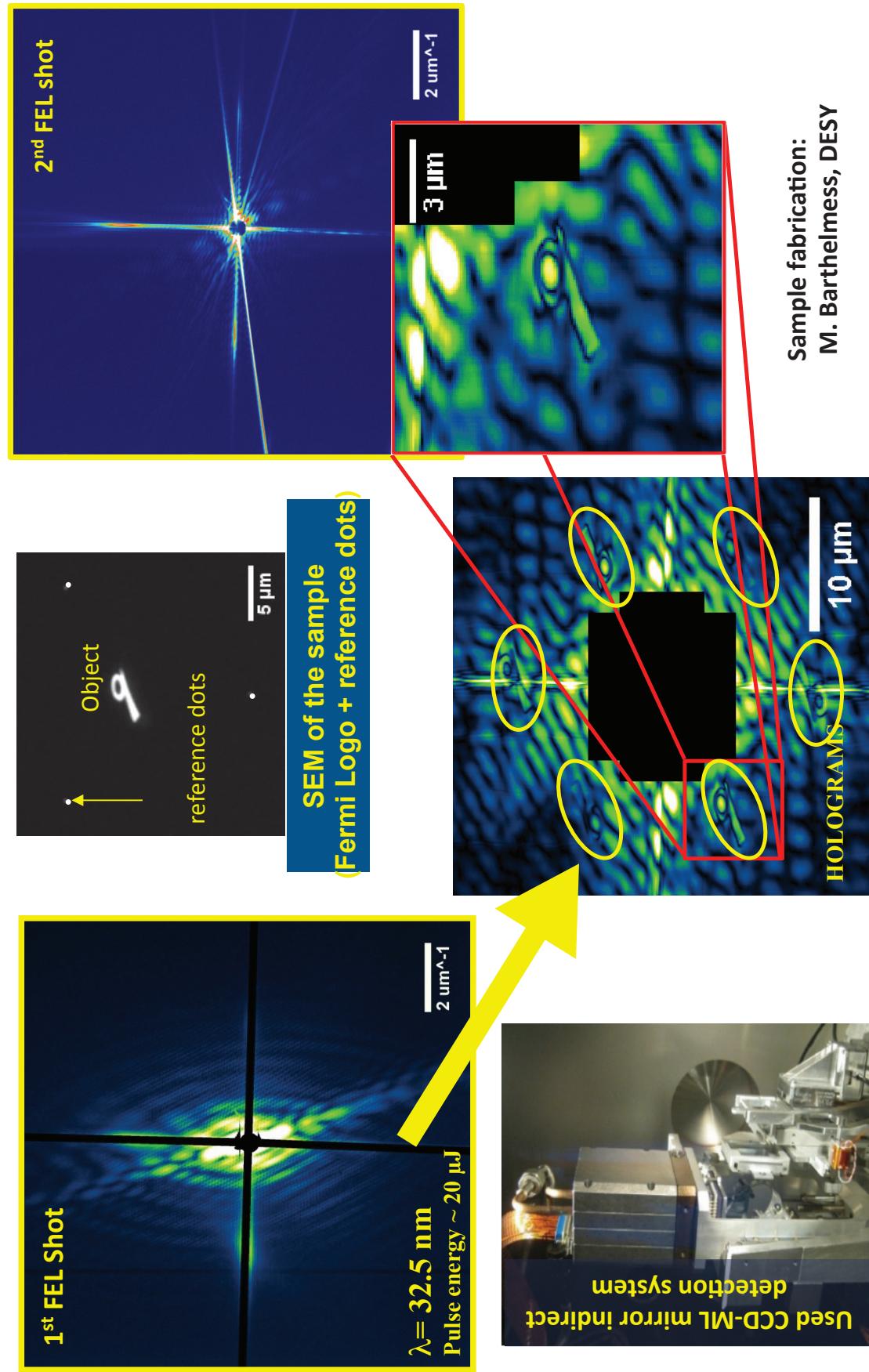


ELETTRA Synchrotron Light Source:
up to 2.4 GeV, top-up mode,
768 proposals from 39 countries in 2010



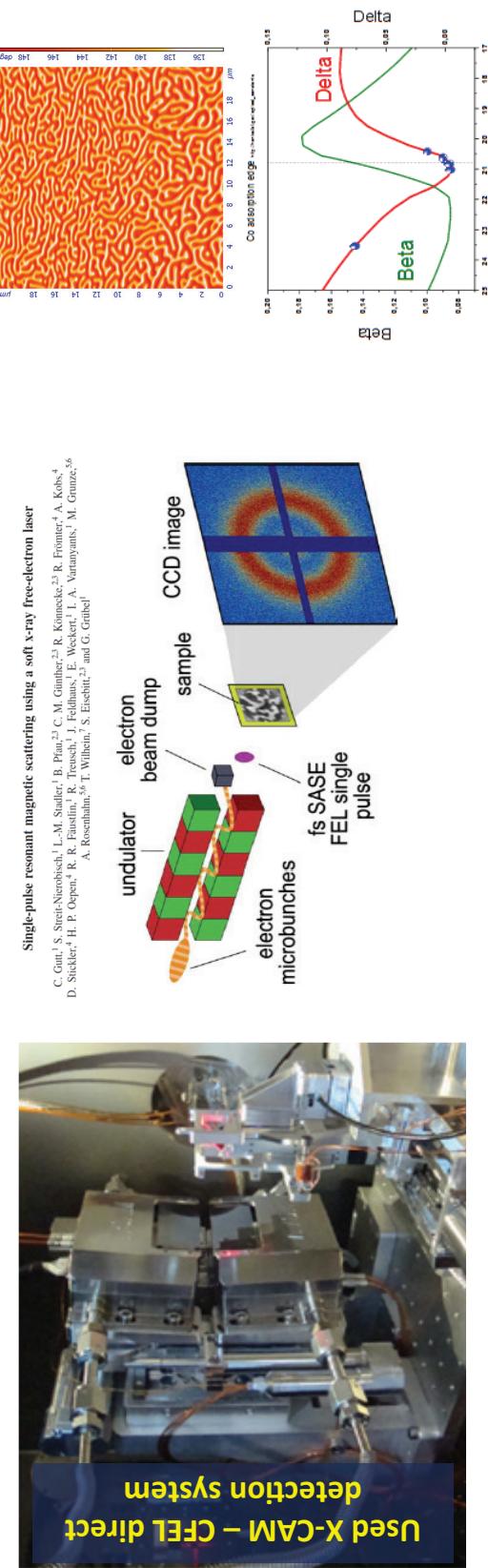
Status of FERMI in Trieste

DiProL: Single Shot Holography (on behalf of the DiProL team)

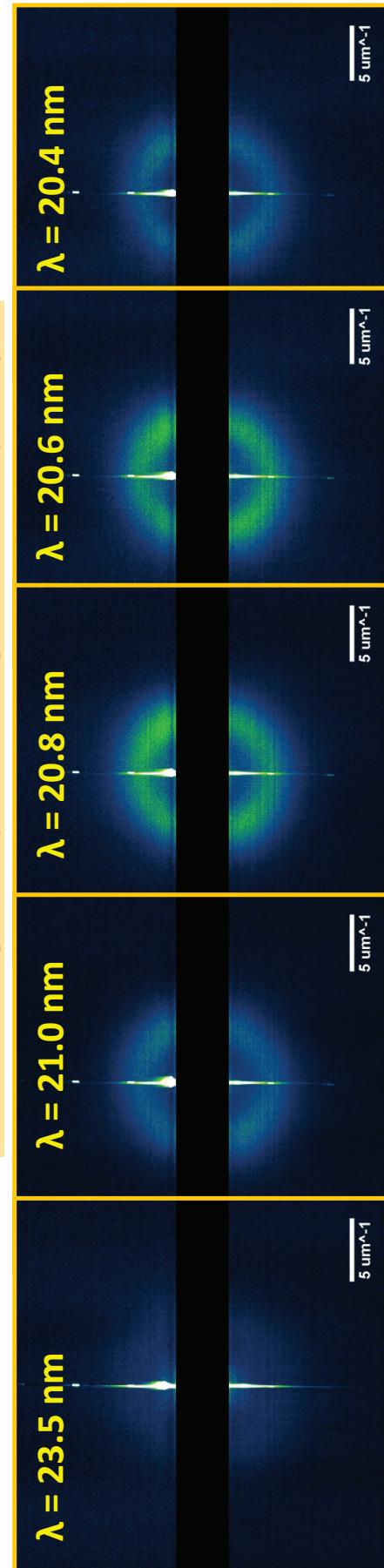


DiProI: Magnetic - Resonant CDI

Single-pulse resonant magnetic scattering using a soft x-ray free-electron laser
C. Gutt,¹ S. Streit-Nierobisch,¹ L.-M. Stadler,¹ B. Pfau,^{2,3} C. M. Günther,^{2,3} R. Künnecke,^{2,3} R. Frommer,² A. Kobs,⁴ D. Sticker,⁴ H. P. Oepen,⁴ R. R. Faustini,⁵ R. Treusch,⁵ J. Feldhaus,⁵ E. Weckert,¹ I. A. Vartanyants,¹ M. Grunze,^{5,6} A. Rosenthalin,^{5,6} T. Wilhelm,⁷ S. Eisebitt,^{2,3} and G. Grübel¹



Co/Pt multilayer sample, Courtesy C. Gutt et al (DESY)



PIK proposal (X-FEL, Fermi)

ULTRASPIN

(ULTRAfast spectroscopy with SPIN Polarization)

A CONTRIBUTION TO THE DISCUSSION OF THE USERS CONSORTIUM for PES at XFEL

(Giorgio Rossi, Aug. 17th 2012)

Consortium

G. Panaccione, J. Fujii, P. Torelli (Istituto Officina dei Materiali IOM-CNR, Trieste)
M. Medici (Univ. Modena e Reggio Emilia)
F. Offi (Dip. Fisica Univ. Rome III and CNISM)
G. Cautero (Detectors and Instrumentation Laboratory , ELETTRA)

Collaborators

D. Pescia, A. Vaterlaus, Y. Acremann (ETH-Zuerich, Switzerland)
F. Sirotti (SOLEIL, France)

Interest in performing pilot experiments

C.H. Back (Univ. Regensburg, Germany)
C.M. Schneider (FZ-Juelich, Germany)
M. Kiskinova (Elettra)

Time and length scales in magnetism

Source:
Swiss FEL Science case

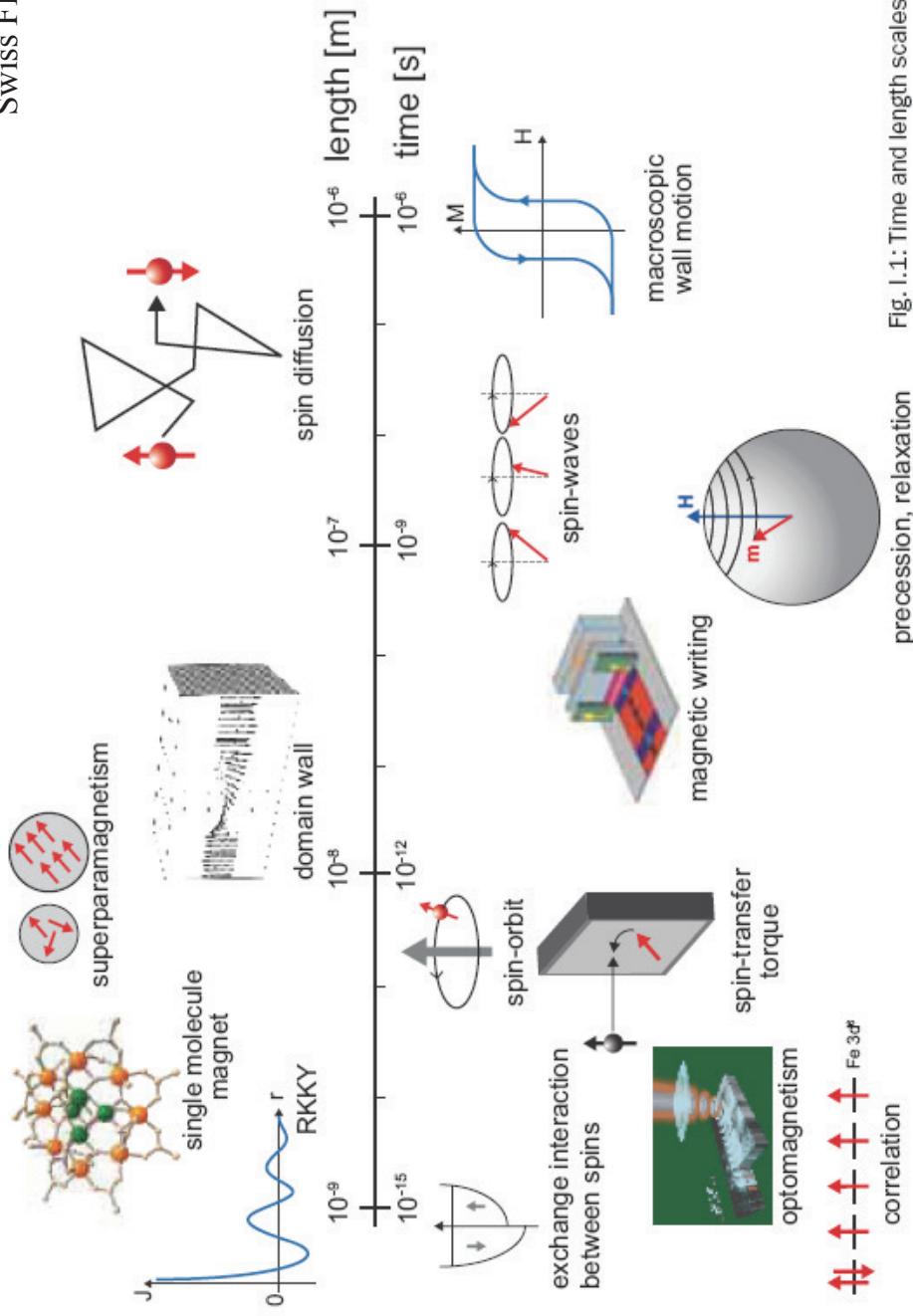
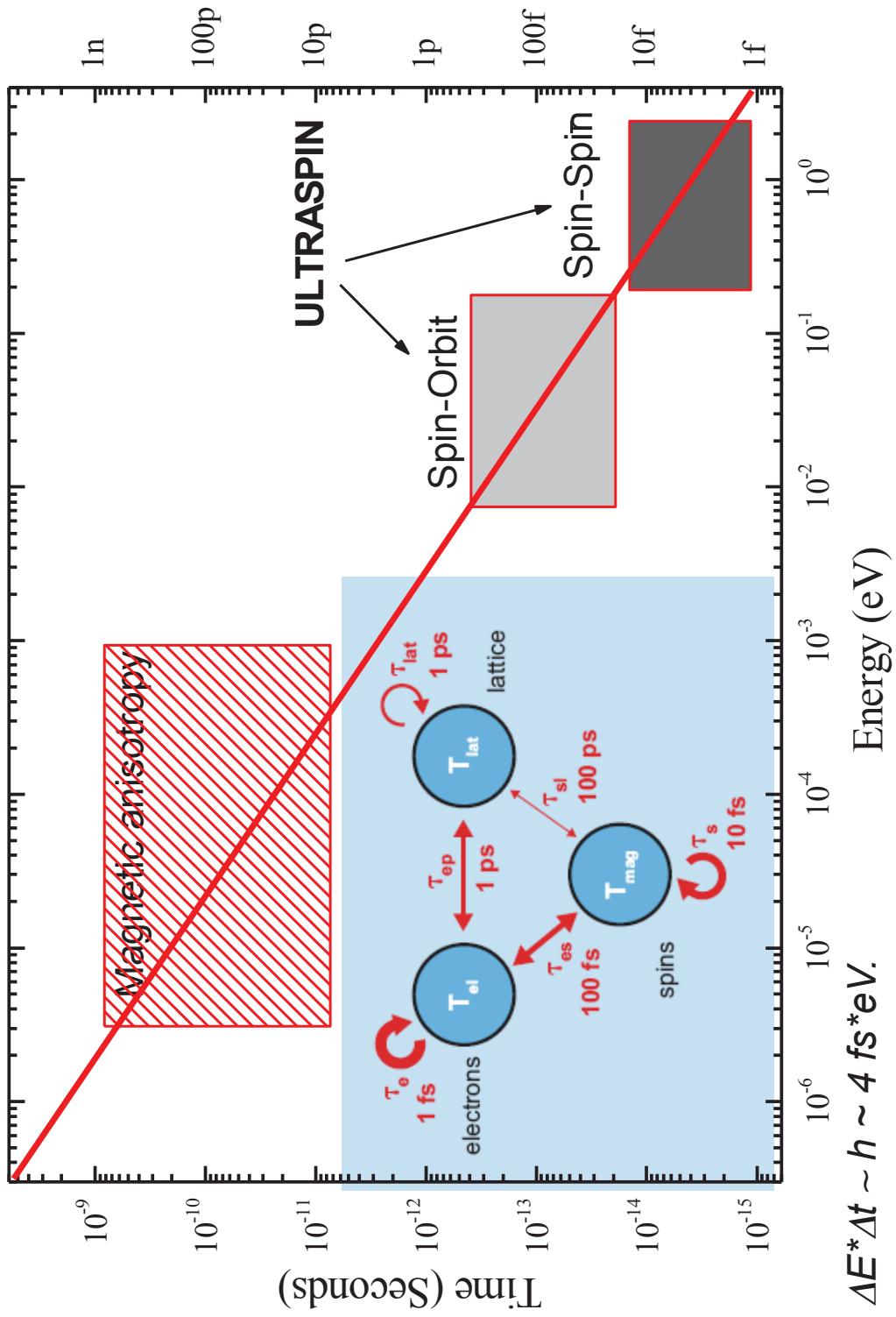


Fig. I.1: Time and length scales in magnetism.

Spin-orbit interaction between the electron spin and its orbital motion	$\sim 1\text{--}100 \text{ meV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 50\text{--}5000 \text{ fs}$
Jahn-Teller interaction, which stabilizes an elastic distortion to avoid a degenerate electronic ground-state	$\sim 50 \text{ meV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 100 \text{ fs}$
Spin-wave energy, at intermediate wave-vector	$\sim 1\text{--}1000 \text{ meV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 5\text{--}5000 \text{ fs}$
Correlation energy, responsible within an atom for enforcing Hund's rules	$\sim 5 \text{ eV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 1 \text{ fs}$
Inter-electronic exchange energy	$\sim 5 \text{ eV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 1 \text{ fs}$
Electrostatic crystal-field interaction of oriented 3d-orbitals with neighboring ions	$\sim 1 \text{ eV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 5 \text{ fs}$

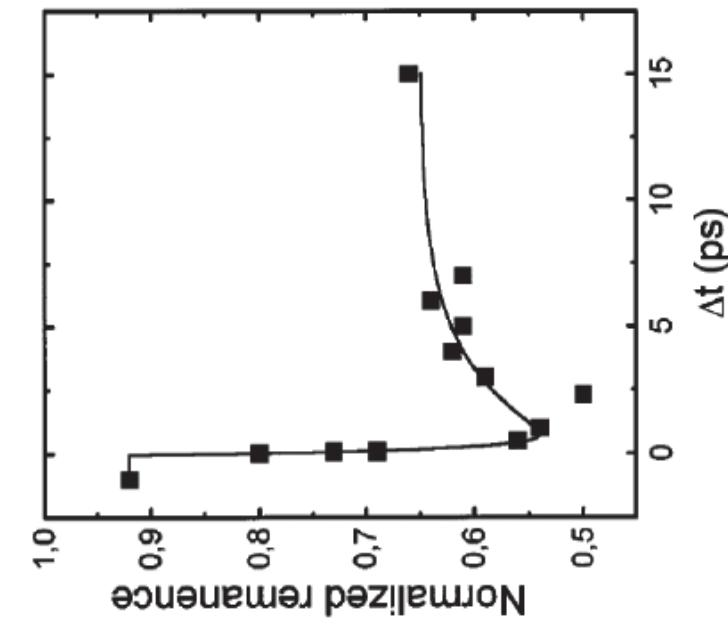
Correlation energy, responsible within an atom for enforcing Hund's rules	$\sim 5 \text{ eV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 1 \text{ fs}$
Inter-electronic exchange energy	$\sim 5 \text{ eV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 1 \text{ fs}$
Electrostatic crystal-field interaction of oriented 3d-orbitals with neighboring ions	$\sim 1 \text{ eV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 5 \text{ fs}$
Correlation energy, at intermediate wave-vector	$\sim 1\text{--}1000 \text{ meV}$	$\rightarrow \tau \sim 5\text{--}5000 \text{ fs}$

Time-energy relation of fundamental interactions in solids



Femtosecond laser pulses :

Pump-probe Kerr-effect experiment with 60 fs pulses
(E. Beaurepaire, J.C. Merle, A. Daunois, and Y.-Y. Bigot,
Phys. Rev. Lett. 76, 4250 (1996).)



Electrons and lattice are not in thermal equilibrium during a 60 fs heating pulse.

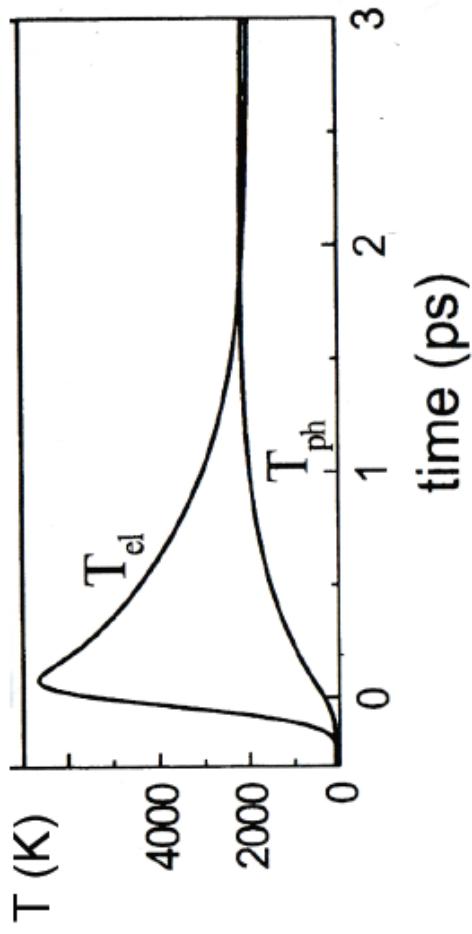


Fig. I.6. Sub-picosecond demagnetization of a Ni film following an optical laser pulse, observed with the magneto-optical Kerr effect [8]. This observation stimulated much speculation on the as yet unanswered question of how angular momentum can be transferred so efficiently from the spin system to the lattice.

Demagnetization on a subpicosecond time scale seems possible.

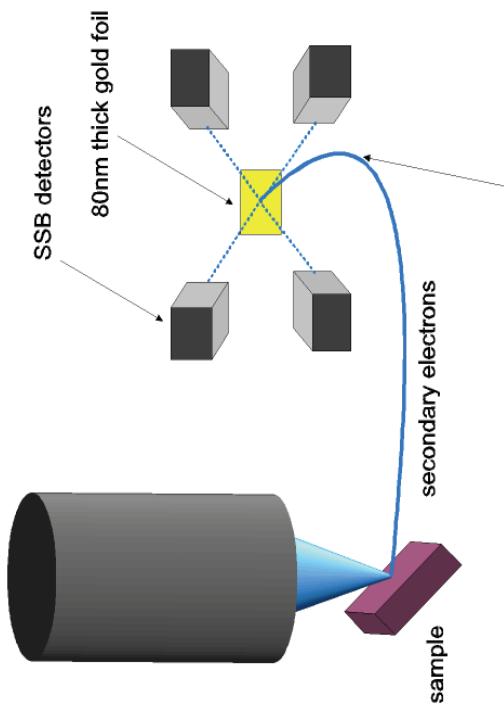
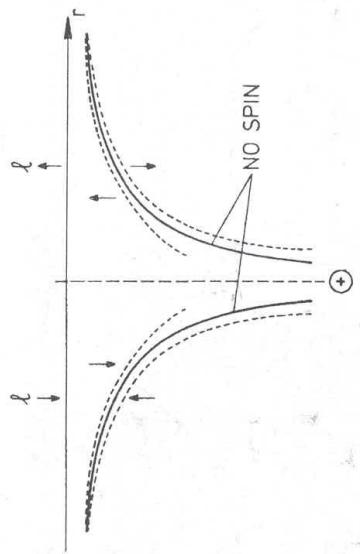
Courtesy of A. Vaterlaus, Y.Acremann, ETHZ Zurich

Principles of spin polarization analysis with Mott scattering

Electron Scattering at 60 kV of spin polarized photoelectrons:
spin-orbit induced asymmetry in scattered electron

$$P = \frac{N_\uparrow - N_\downarrow}{N_\uparrow + N_\downarrow} = \frac{\sigma_\uparrow - \sigma}{\sigma_\uparrow + \sigma}$$

X-rays or FEL Radiation



Spin polarization of secondary electron (low energy)
directly proportional to long range magnetization

$$\text{low energy (2 - 6 eV) secondary electrons are accelerated to 55 keV}$$

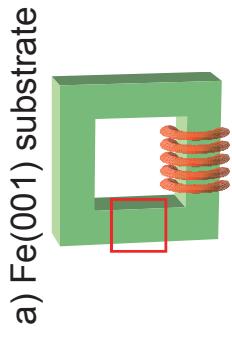
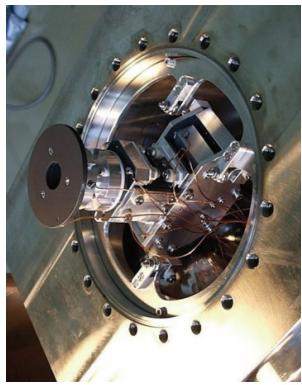
$$P_x = \frac{1}{2S_{eff}} \left(\frac{D_1 - U_1}{D_1 + U_1} + \frac{D_2 - U_2}{D_2 + U_1} \right) \quad P_y = \frac{1}{S_{eff}} \left(\frac{L_1 - R_1}{L_1 + R_1} \right) \quad P_z = \frac{1}{S_{eff}} \left(\frac{L_2 - R_2}{L_2 + R_2} \right)$$

Differential measurement
(reduced space charge effects)

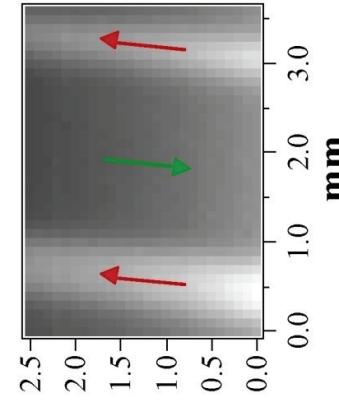
Spin polarization along quantization axis

Vectorial twin-mott detectors @ APE beamline

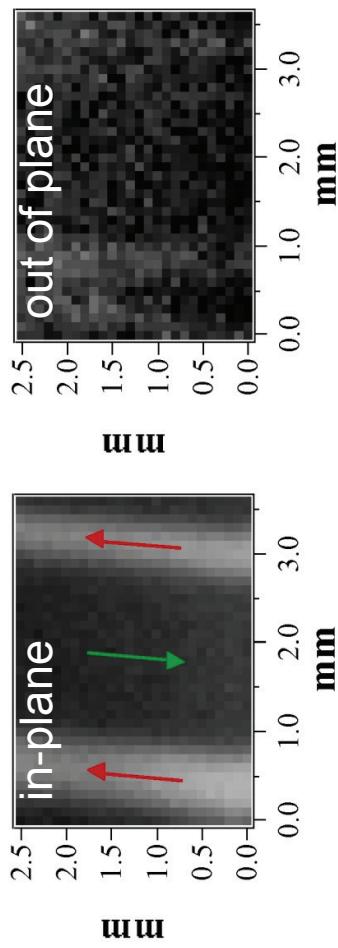
J. Fujii et al., Phys. Rev. B **73**, 214444 (2006), M. Medici et al. (2011)



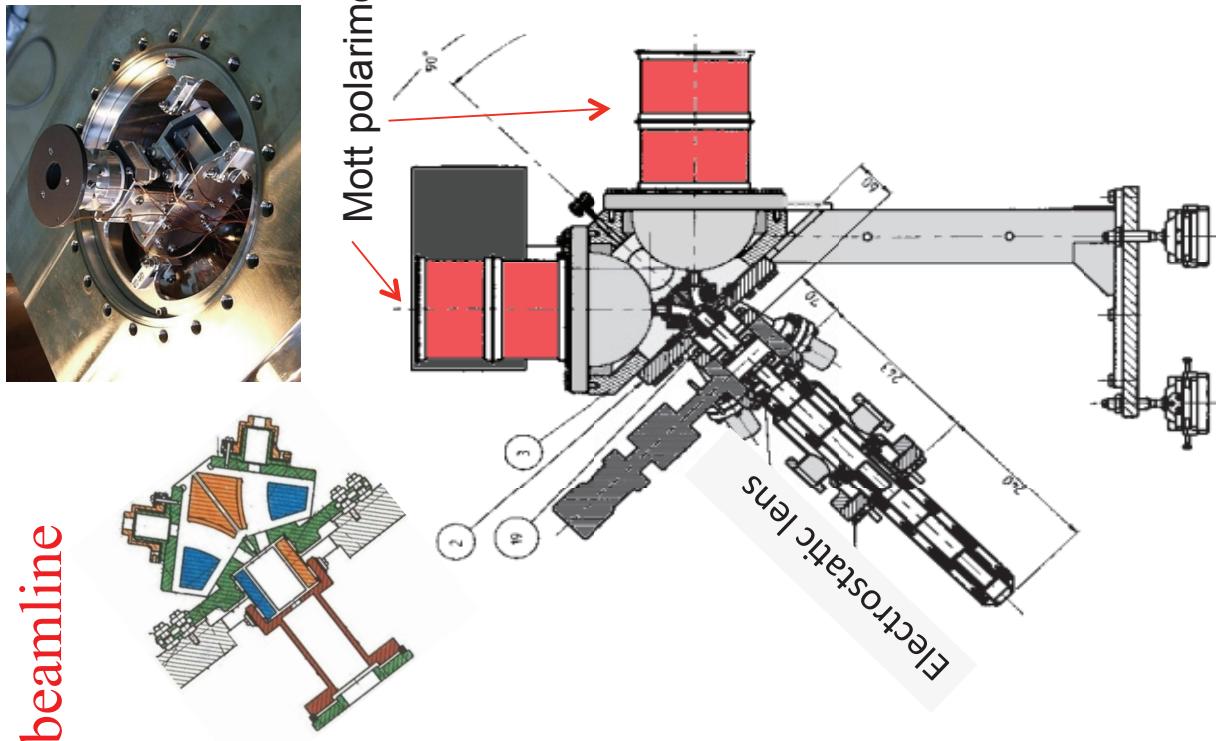
a) Fe(001) substrate



c) Spin resolved secondary electron yield



Spin resolved secondary electron yield
Measurement of both in-plane and out of plane
spin polarization

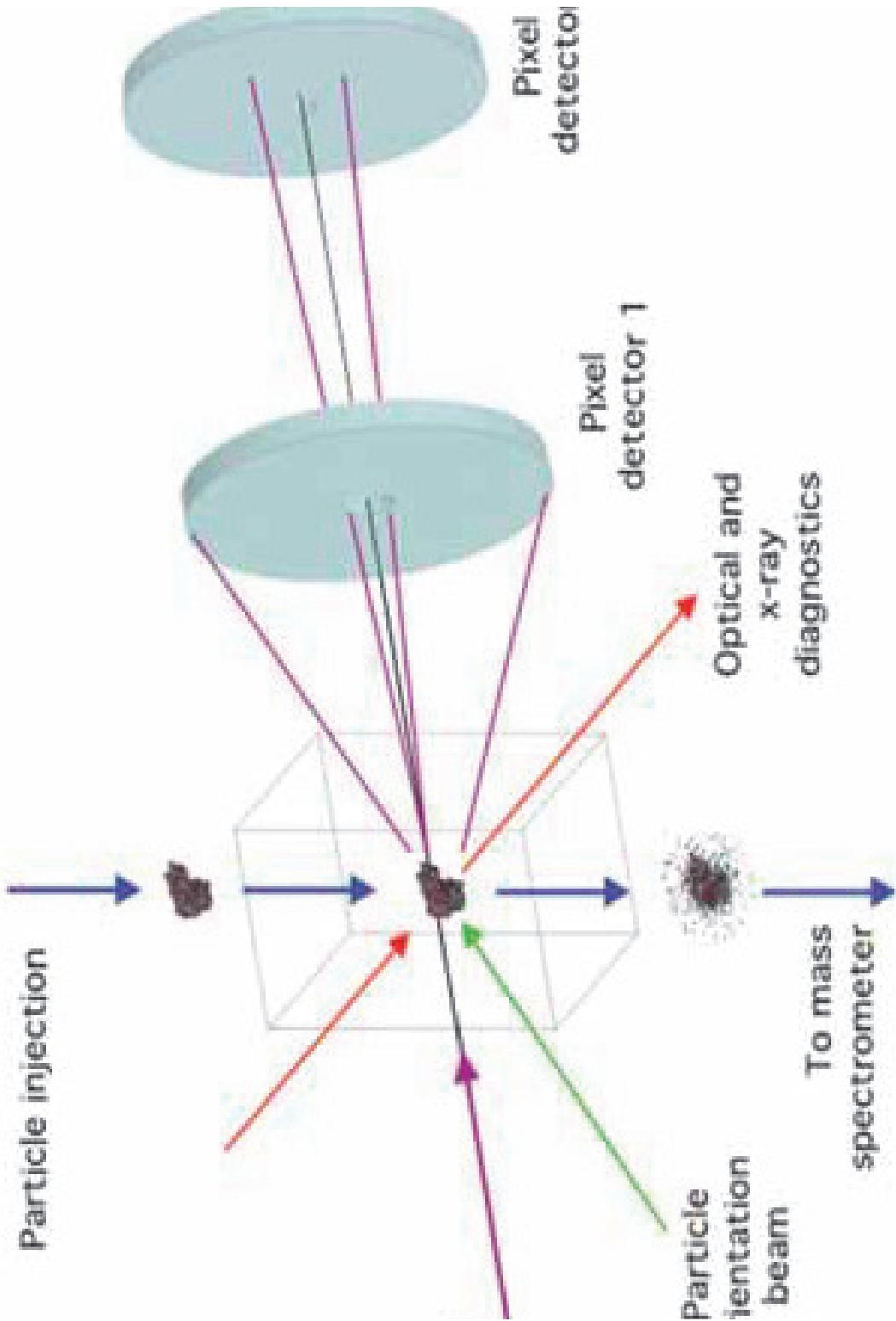


V.N. Petrov et al. Rev. Sci. Instruments **72**, 3728 (2001)

Ultraspin: Methodology and Developments (0-24 months)

- a) Design and implementation of ultrafast readout electronics
(adapted layout following schemes operational at ETH, Zurich and SOLEIL)
 - b) Feasibility and design of energy and time resolved experiments (TOF-Spin)
(space charge limit)
 - c) Test experiments @ Fermi (applied to nanostructures, thin films, interfaces)
- Total yield and total yield pump and probe experiments (**ultrafast demagnetization**)
- Comparison electron-out (spin polarization) and photon-out (XMCD-reflectivity)
(disentangling spin and orbit contribution)
- d) Conceptual design of a whole experimental station adapted to X-FEL

**PROGETTO NOXSS UNIMI X-ray Single Shots of Nano Objects
(PRIN 2012?)**



ND Loh *et al.* *Nature* **486**, 513–517 (2012) doi:10.1038/nature11222

Schematic of concurrent imaging, morphology and spectroscopy of single soot particles in flight.

